Basic rights in Germany (excerpt)

Art 1

Every human being is valuable and it is the state's duty to protect them. Human rights are applicable for all human beings.

Art. 2

Every person can develop his personality. Every human being has the right to physical intactness.

<u>Art. 3</u>

All people are equal before the law. No one may be discriminated on the basis of their age, origin, faith, sex oder language.

<u>Art. 4</u>

Every person may believe freely and practice his/her faith.

<u>Art. 5</u>

Everyone has the right to freedom of expression within the framework of general laws. Freedom of the press applies and there is no censorship.

Art. 6

Anyone may marry and start a family.

Art. 8

Freedom of assembly applies to peaceful gatherings without weapons. Demonstrations can be registered and can only be prohibited for important reasons. Those reasons are in the law.

Art. 10

The secrecy of correspondence applies.

Art. 11

The right to freedom of movement applies, i.e. everyone can decide for themselves where they want to stay in Germany. This may only be restricted by law if this is necessary to avert a danger to the general public.

Art. 12

Everyone can choose their occupation freely.

Art. 13

The appartment is inviolable.

Art. 19

Der Staat kann Grundrechte durch Gesetze einschränken. Grundrechte dürfen nicht in ihrem Wesensgehalt angetastet werden. Einschränkende Gesetze müssen allgemein gelten. The state can restrict basic rights by law.

Kommentiert [M1]: apartment

Kommentiert [M2]: Übersetzen